

WHAT IS CLAIMED

1 1. For use with a digitized packet-based
2 transmission network, having a packet buffer into which
3 packets received from said network are buffered and
4 controllably read out for application to a digitized packet
5 signal processor, a method of controlling packet delay
6 through said packet buffer, said method comprising the
7 steps of:

8 (a) establishing a nominal buffer delay through said
9 packet buffer for packets received from said network, and
10 maintaining said nominal buffer delay in the absence of an
11 increase in delay in receipt of packets from said network;

12 (b) in response to an increase in delay in receipt of
13 packets from said network, increasing buffer delay to an
14 increased buffer delay value corresponding to said increase
15 in delay, and thereafter maintaining said increased buffer
16 delay value in the absence of a further increase in delay
17 in receipt of packets from said network; and

18 (c) repeating step (b) as necessary for any further
19 increase in delay in receipt of packets from said network,
20 so as to maintain the value of buffer delay at a value
21 associated with maximum encountered transport delay through
22 said network.

1 2. A method according to claim 1, in each of steps
2 (b) and (c), in response to said increase in delay in
3 receipt of packets from said network exceeding the maximum
4 available delay through said packet buffer, discarding the
5 oldest packet stored in said packet buffer.

1 3. A method according to claim 1, in each of steps
2 (b) and (c), in response to said packet buffer becoming
3 depleted of packets, selectively supplying no packet or
4 reapplying the most recently received packet stored therein
5 to said digitized packet signal processor.

1 4. A method according to claim 1, wherein step (a)
2 includes establishing a minimum number of packets that must
3 be present in said buffer before a packet therein is
4 controllably read out for application to said digitized
5 packet signal processor.

1 5. A method according to claim 4, wherein step (a)
2 further includes, prior to handling a call, setting to
3 prescribed reset values a buffer size counter whose
4 contents are representative of how many packets are stored
5 in said buffer, and a buffer flag associated with whether
6 said minimum number of frames has been received.

1 6. A method according to claim 5, wherein step (a)
2 further comprises monitoring a communication channel of
3 said network for receipt of an incoming voice packet within
4 a respective packet interval and, in response to detecting
5 an incoming voice packet, controllably modifying the
6 contents of said buffer size counter, and storing said
7 incoming voice packet in said buffer.

1 7. A method according to claim 6, wherein step (a)
2 further includes changing said buffer flag from its reset
3 value, in response to said buffer containing said number of
4 packets that must be present before a packet is
5 controllably read out therefrom, and controllably reading
6 out a packet from said buffer for application to said
7 digitized packet signal processor.

1 8. A method according to claim 6, wherein step (a)
2 further includes establishing the maximum number of packets
3 that can be stored in said buffer and, in response to an
4 increase in delay in receipt of late arriving packets from
5 said network for application to said buffer being such as
6 to cause the contents of said buffer to exceed said maximum
7 number, discarding the oldest packet stored in said buffer.

1 9. In a digitized packet-based transmission network
2 having a packet buffer into which packets received from a
3 network channel are controllably buffered and read out for
4 application to a digitized packet signal processor, a
5 buffer delay control mechanism that is resident in a buffer
6 control processor, and is operative to optimize buffer
7 throughput delay to maximum network throughput delay
8 experienced by packets transmitted over said network, said
9 buffer delay control mechanism being operative to establish
10 a nominal buffer delay through said packet buffer for
11 packets received from said network, and maintain said
12 nominal buffer delay in the absence of an increase in delay
13 in receipt of packets from said network and, in response to
14 an increase in delay in receipt of packets from said
15 network, to increase buffer delay to an increased buffer
16 delay value corresponding to said increase in delay, and
17 thereafter maintaining said increased buffer delay value in
18 the absence of a further increase in delay in receipt of
19 packets from said network but, in the event of a further
20 increase in delay in receipt of packets from said network,
21 being operative to further increase buffer delay, so as to
22 maintain the value of buffer delay at a value associated
23 with maximum encountered transport delay through said
24 network.

1 10. A buffer delay control mechanism according to
2 claim 9, wherein said buffer delay control mechanism is
3 further operative, in response to an increase in delay in
4 receipt of late arriving packets from said network for
5 application to said buffer being such as to cause the
6 contents of said buffer to exceed said maximum number, to
7 discard the oldest packet stored in said buffer.

1 11. A buffer delay control mechanism according to
2 claim 9, wherein said buffer delay control mechanism is
3 further operative, in response to said packet buffer
4 becoming depleted of packets, to selectively supply either
5 no packet or to reapply the most recently received packet
6 stored therein to said digitized packet signal processor.

1 12. A buffer delay control mechanism according to
2 claim 9, wherein said buffer delay control mechanism is
3 operative to monitor a communication channel of said
4 network for receipt of an incoming voice packet within a
5 respective packet interval and, in response to detecting an
6 incoming voice packet, to controllably modify a buffer size
7 counter, the contents of which are representative of how
8 may packets are stored in said buffer, and to cause said
9 incoming voice packet to be stored in said buffer.

13. A buffer delay control mechanism according to claim 9, wherein said buffer delay control mechanism is operative, in response to an increase in delay in receipt of late arriving packets from said network for application to said buffer being such as to cause the contents of said buffer to exceed the maximum number of packets that can be stored in said buffer, to discard the oldest packet stored in said buffer.

14. For use with a digitized packet-based transmission network, having a packet buffer into which packets received from said network are buffered and controllably read out for application to a digitized packet signal processor, a method of controlling storage into and read-out of packets from said packet buffer, so as to optimize buffer throughput delay to the maximum network throughput delay experienced by packets transmitted over said network, said method comprising the steps of:

(a) as packets are successively received from said network, storing said packets into said buffer, until a network transmission delay causes an interruption in receipt of packets from said network, thereby establishing a network throughput delay corresponding to the number of packets stored in said buffer at the occurrence of said interruption in receipt of packets from said network;

17 (b) in response to said interruption in receipt of
18 packets from said network in step (a), sequentially reading
19 out packets stored in said buffer for application to said
20 digitized packet signal processor;

21 (c) in response to receipt of further packets from
22 said network subsequent to said interruption in step (a),
23 interrupting sequentially reading out of packets from said
24 buffer in step (b), and storing said further packets into
25 said buffer as said further packets are successively
26 received from said network, until a network transmission
27 delay causes an interruption in receipt of said further
28 packets from said network, so as to increase said buffer
29 throughput delay to an increased network transmission delay
30 corresponding to the total number of packets stored in said
31 buffer; and

32 (d) in response to said interruption in receipt of
33 said further packets from said network in step (c),
34 sequentially reading out packets stored in said buffer for
35 application to said digitized packet signal processor.